

Exam 1

Show all your work to receive full credit.

1. Sketch the region enclosed by the given curves, and set up an integral for the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region about the specified line. [5 pts each]

a) $y = x$, $y = x^4$; about the x -axis

b) $x = 3y$, $x = y^2$; about the x -axis

c) $y = x$, $x = 2$; about the y -axis

d) (in the first quadrant) $y = x^2 + 1$, $y = 4x^2 + 1$, $y = 5$; about the y -axis

2. Let f be a differentiable, invertible function. Given the following, find $(f^{-1})'(3)$. [6 pts]

$$\begin{aligned} f(3) &= 5 & f(2) &= 3 \\ f'(3) &= 7 & f'(2) &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

3. Write the midpoint rule approximation for the given integral with $n = 4$. [6 pts]

$$\int_1^3 e^{x^2} dx$$

4. Differentiate [6 pts each]

a) $f(x) = (\ln(2x + 1))^3$

b) $g(t) = t^e - \ln(\sin t)$

c) $h(s) = (3s + 1)e^{s^2} + e^{\ln s}$

5. Set up an integral that represents the length of the curve $x = \frac{y^3}{3} + \frac{1}{4y}$, $1 \leq y \leq 2$. [5 pts]

6. Set up an integral that represents the area of the surface obtained by rotating the given curve about the specified axis. [5 pts each]

a) $y = \cos x$, $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$; about the x -axis

b) $y = x^2 - x$, $1 \leq x \leq 4$; about the y -axis

c) $x = 2\sqrt{y^3}$, $2 \leq y \leq 3$; about the x -axis

7. Let $y = \frac{(x-3)^2(2x-1)^4}{(x+1)^3}$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. [6 pts]

8. Evaluate [6 pts each]

a) $\int \frac{5-x}{x} dx$

b) $\int e^t \sqrt{1+e^t} dt$

c) $\int \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx$

d) $\int_0^1 y^2 e^{3y^3} dy$