

The demand,  $D$ , for a new rollarball pen is given by

$$D(p) = 0.336p^3 - 2400p^2 + 72000p, \quad 0 \leq p \leq 30$$

where  $p$  is the price in dollars. Demand represents the total number of pens the consumers want to buy at price  $p$ .

1. **How many pens will the consumers want to buy when the price is \$25 per pen?**

$$D(25) = 0.336(25)^3 - 2400(25)^2 + 72000(25) = 480,336 \text{ pens}$$

2. **Find the rate of change of quantity with respect to price, i.e.,  $D'(p)$ .**

$$D'(p) = 1.008p^2 - 4800p + 72000$$

3. **Find the rate of change at  $p = 25$ .**

$$D'(25) = 1.008(25)^2 - 4800(25) + 72000 = -47,370 \text{ pens/dollar}$$

4. **Using only your answers from (1) and (3), estimate the demand for pens when the price increases by \$1? Estimate the demand if the price decreases by \$1.**

$$\text{Formula: } D(p+k) \approx D(p) + k \cdot D'(p)$$

$$\text{Inc by \$1: } D(26) \approx D(25) + 1 \cdot (-47,370) = 432,966 \text{ pens}$$

$$\text{Dec by \$1: } D(24) \approx D(25) + (-1)1 \cdot (-47,370) = 527,706 \text{ pens}$$

5. Assuming the only critical value for  $D'(p)$  in the interval  $[0,30]$  is \$15, what should the price be per pen to maximize the demand. In other words, find the absolute maximum.

**YOU NEED TO CHECK THE CRITICAL VALUE (15) AND THE END-POINTS 0 and 30**

$$D(0) = 0.336(0)^3 - 2400(0)^2 + 72000(0) = 0 \text{ pens}$$

$$D(15) = 0.336(15)^3 - 2400(15)^2 + 72000(15) = 541,134 \text{ pens}$$

$$D(30) = 0.336(30)^3 - 2400(30)^2 + 72000(30) = 9,072 \text{ pens}$$

**Maximum of 541,134 pens when the price is \$15/pen**